North American F-86 Sabre day fighter variants and subvariants
Including the F-86A/E/F, their Canadair equivalents, the Orenda-engined CL-13A/B, the Commonwealth CA-27, as well as prototype, service-test, and developmental Sabres

Military Designation	Company Designation	Engine	Wing	Windscreen	Other Characteristics	No. Built	Delivery Dates	Serial Nos.	Later Upgrades	Service Notes
XP-86/ XF-86 No. 1	NA-140	General Electric J35-C-3 (Chevy-built)	Original wing with leading-edge slats	Rounded	One ventral, two rear- hinged side speed brakes; instrument booms on both wingtips; no armament	1	Completed Aug. 8, 1947 First flight Oct. 1, 1947	45-59597	Production-style rear fuselage fitted Jan. 1949; J35-A-17 fitted Nov. 1949	Flew 241 hours for F-86 test program; lost Sept. 1952
XP-86/ XF-86 No. 2	NA-140	General Electric J35-C-3 (Chevy-built)	Original wing with leading-edge slats	Rounded	Production-style rear fuselage with two front- hinged speed brakes; instrument booms on both wingtips; no armament	1	Early 1948	45-59598		Flew 202 hours for F-86 test program; retired April 1953
XP-86/ XF-86 No. 3	NA-140	General Electric J35-C-3 (Chevy-built)	Original wing with fully automatic leading-edge slats	Rounded	Production speed brakes; instrument booms on both wingtips; full armament; Sperry Mk.18 GBR gun- sight; gun doors	1	Early 1948	45-59599		Flew 75 hours for F-86 test program, retired April 1953
P-86A-1- NA/ F-86A-1- NA	NA-151	General Electric J47- GE-1/-3-/-7	Original wing with fully automatic leading-edge slats	Rounded	T-4E-1 ejection seat; Sperry Mk.18 GBR gunsight; gun doors	33	May 1948 - March 1949	47-605 to 47-637	Pitot tube retrofitted to right wingtip	Used for service test with NAA; AMC; never entered regular service
P-86B	-	-	-	-	P-86 for rough field operation with strength- ened landing gear; larger tires; 7-inch bulged fuselage	0	-	Were to be 48-129 to 48-318	-	Cancelled; 190 reordered: 188 P-86As, and 2 YP-86C penetration fighters
F-86A-5- NA	NA-151	General Electric J47-GE-7/ J47-GE-13 field upgrade	Original wing with fully automatic leading-edge slats; from 116th F-86A (48-210) on, new slat tracks and no slat locks	V-shaped armored glass	Sperry Mk.18 GBR gunsight; gun doors on early A-5s. Pitot tube added to right wingtip of late A-5s	188	March 1949 - Sept. 1949	48-129 to 48-316	Pitot tube retrofitted to right wingtip of early A-5s; NA-161 upgrades retrofitted. A-5s with gunsight/ radar retrofits redesignated A-6 or A-7	Service including ADC (1st Fighter Interceptor Wing), 4th FIW in Korea, USAFE, and later ANG
F-86A-5- NA	NA-161	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with new slat tracks and no slat locks; from 282nd NA-161 (49-1288) on, new short-chord aileron	V-shaped armored glass	A-1B GBR gunsight with AN/APG-5C ranging radar; new 120-gallon drop tanks developed for the F-86; pitot tube added to right wingtip of late A-5s; last 24 completed as A-7s	333	Oct. 1949 - Dec. 1950	49-1007 to 49-1339	Pitot tube retrofitted to right wingtip of early A-5s; A-5s with gunsight/radar retrofits redesignat- ed A-6 or A-7	Service including ADC, 4th FIW in Korea, USAFE, later ANG
F-86J	NA-167	Avro Canada TR.5 Orenda 3	Original wing with redesigned leading-edge slats with new slat tracks and no slat locks	V-shaped armored glass	F-86A-5-NA pulled from the assembly line for modification	1	Started Aug. 1949	49-1069		Set a world speed record in June 1952

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Sabre Mk.1	CL-13	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with redesigned leading-edge slats with new slat tracks and no slat locks	V-shaped armored glass	F-86A-5-NA assembled from NAA built compo- nents by Canadair	1	Completed July 1950	19101		Central Experimental and Proving Establishment
F-86A-6- NA	NA-151 and NA-161	General Electric J47-GE-13	Retrofits of A-5s with wing unchanged	V-shaped armored glass	A-1CM GBR gunsight with AN/APG-5C ranging radar	?	Most likely late1950-early 1951	Retrofits		Korea — A-6 less common than A-7
F-86A-7- NA	NA-151 and NA-161	General Electric J47-GE-13	Retrofits of A-5s with wing unchanged; 24 production with new short-chord aileron	V-shaped armored glass	Last 24 A-5s redesignated, plus retrofits; A-1CM GBR gunsight with AN/APG-30 ranging radar	24 plus ?	Dec. 1950-early 1951?	49-1316 to 49-1339, plus retrofits		Korea
F-86E-1- NA	NA-170	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with late A-5 changes; redesigned leading-edge slats; short-chord aileron	V-shaped armored glass	Like F-86A-7 (A-1CM GBR gunsight with AN/APG-30 ranging radar) with all-flying tail; bulge extending forward of tailplane	60	First flight 23 Sept 1950 Feb. 1951-?	50-579 to 50-638	"6-3" wing kit possible	33rd FIW at Otis AFB (Feb. '51); 1st FIW (MarApr. '51); 4th FIW (July '51) and 51st FIW (Sept. '51), both in Korea
F-86E-5- NA	NA-170	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with late A-5 changes	V-shaped armored glass	Like E-1 with minor panel switch changes	51	?-May 1951	50-639 to 50-689	"6-3" wing kit possible	33rd FIW at Otis AFB (Feb. '51); 1st FIW (MarApr. '51); 4th FIW (July '51) and 51st FIW (Sept. '51), both in Korea
Sabre Mk.2 Sabre F.2 F-86E(M)	CL-13	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with late A-5 changes; redesigned leading-edge slats; short-chord aileron	V-shaped armored glass	Identical to F-86E-1; total of 350 built: 288 for RCAF (60 diverted to the USAF as F-86E-6-CAN); 3 for RAF as Sabre F.2	350 -60 to F-86E- 6-CAN	Jan. 1951- Aug. 1952	19102 to 19199 19201 to 19452 60 also have USAF numbers as F-86E-6-CAN	"6-3" wing before transfer as F-86E(M)	Most to RCAF Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 Fighter Wings in Europe 19378, 19384, 19404 transferred to RAF as XB530, XB531, XB532 (19378 later returned) Former RCAF aircraft redesignated F-86E(M) when transferred to other users
F-86E-10- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-13/ IRAN upgrade to -27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	First 132 F-86F-1s fitted with J47-GE-13 due to J47-GE-27 delays	132	Sept. 1951-May 1952	51-2718 to 51-2849	Some "6-3" wing kits in Korea	To Korea
F-86E-6- CAN (first use)	CL-13	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with late A-5 changes; redesigned leading-edge slats; short-chord aileron	V-shaped armored glass	Designation for F-86E-1/ Sabre Mk.2 built by Canadair and diverted to the USAF to alleviate shortage of F-86 in Korea	60	April-July 1952	52-2833 to 52-2892 Also have RCAF numbers as Sabre Mk.2	Some "6-3" wing kits in Korea	Almost all to 4th and 51st FIWs in Korea; later to ANG
F-86F-1- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Final 78 of 210 planned F-1s; identical to E-10, except fitted with J47- GE-27	78	April-July 1952	51-2850 to 51-2927	"6-3" wing kits in Korea (Sept. '52)	84th FIS (June '52), 4th FIW (Sept. '52)

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F-86F-2- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Project Gun-Val conversion of four E-10s and six F-1s; all fitted with J47-GE-27, four T-160 20mm cannons, and A-4 GBR gunsight	10 conv.	First flight March 1952; March-June? 1952	E-10 51-2803, 2819, 2826 and 2836 F-1 51-2855, 2861, 2867, 2868, 2884 and 2900		8 to 4th FIW (JanApr. '53), later to ANG
F-86F-3- NA/ JF-86F	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Project Gun-Val conversion of two F-1s with four Oerlikon 206RK 20mm cannons	2 conv.	Tests April 1954-1955	51-2916 and 51-2926		Redesignated JF-86F in 1957
F-86F-5- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Identical to F-1 except for strengthened attachment points for new 200-gallon drop tanks	16	April-July 1952	51-2928 to 51-2943	"6-3" wing kits in Korea (Sept. '52)	
F-86F-10- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Identical to F-5 except for A-4 GBR gunsight	34	April-July 1952	51-12936 to 51-12969	"6-3" wing kits in Korea (Sept. '52)	
F-86F-15- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	F-86F-10 with survivability improvements; production problems with -27 engine necessitated last 93 to be completed as F-86E-15 with J47-GE-13	7	April-July 1952	51-12970 to 51-12976	"6-3" wing kits in Korea (Sept. '52)	All but one to 4th FIW in Korea
F-86E-15- NA	NA-172	General Electric J47-GE-13/ IRAN upgrade to -27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	The 8-100th F-86F-15s completed with J47-GE-13 due to J47-GE-27 delays	93	Aug Dec. 1952	51-12977 to 51-13069		To ADC, ANG, none to Korea
F-86F-20- NH	NA-176 (1 st part)	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Columbus-built F-86; almost identical to Inglewood F-86F-15-NA	100	First flight May 1952 Sept. 1952-Jan.? 1953	51-13070 to 51-13169		None to Korea
Sabre Mk.4 Sabre F.4 F-86E-6- CAN (second use) F-86E(M)	CL-13	General Electric J47-GE-13	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Like F-86E-10; some internal changes compared with Sabre Mk.2; 429 for RAF as Sabre F.4 (MDAP funded, called F-86E-6-CAN by USAF); was to have Orenda engine, but delays caused J47 to be used	438	First flight Aug. 1952 Dec. 1952-Dec. 1953	19453-19890 Only last 60 have USAF serial numbers 52-10177 to 52-10236	"6-3" wing before transfer, as F-86E(M)	428 (plus one more later) MDAP funded to RAF; all to 2nd TAF in West Germany except for the last 60 to Fighter Command in U.K.
Sabre Mk.3	CL-13	Avro Canada TR.5 Orenda 4	Original wing with late A-5 changes	V-shaped armored glass	Sabre Mk.2 given same modifications for Orenda engine as F-86J; no armament	1	First flight Sept. 52	19200	Later brought to Sabre Mk.4 stan- dards, but apparent- ly not redesignated or put into regular service	Used by Jacqueline Cochran to set three women's world speed records in May and June 1953

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Early F-86F-30- NA	NA-191	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Fighter-bomber; dual-store wing with new inner hardpoints each carrying 1,000 pounds of ordnance or a 120- or 200- gallon drop tank and a 120- or 200-gallon drop tank on each of the outer pylons; F-30 airframes 1-199	199	NA-191 Oct. 1952- May 1954	52-4305 to 52-4503	"6-3" wing kits in Korea; F-40-equiva- lent long-span wing kits with extended wingtips and "6-3" wing with restored slats	8th FBW and 18th FBW in Korea
Late F-86F-30- NA	NA-191	General Electric J47-GE-27	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Like the early F-86F-30-NA, but built with the "6-3" wing; F-30 numbers 200-859	660	NA-191 Oct. 1952- May 1954	52-4504 to 52-5163	F-40-equivalent long-span wing kits with extended wingtips and "6-3" wing with restored slats	8th FBW and 18th FBW in Korea
Early F-86F-25- NH	NA-176 (2nd part)	General Electric J47-GE-27	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Columbus-built version of the Inglewood F-86F-30- NA; F-25 numbers 1-170	170	JanAug. 1953	51-13170 to 51-13339	"6-3" wing kits: F-40-equivalent long-span wing kits with extended wingtips and "6-3" wing with restored slats	None to Korea
Late F-86F-25- NH	NA-176 (2nd part) and NA-193	General Electric J47-GE-27	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Columbus-built version of the Inglewood F-86F-30- NA, but built with the "6-3" wing; F-25 numbers 171-341	171- and 259	NA-176 Jan Aug. 1953 NA-193 May 1953-March 1954	51-13340 to 51-13510 52-5272 to 52-5530	F-40 equivalent long-span wing kits with extended wingtips and "6-3" wing with restored slats	None to Korea
F-86F-35- NA	NA-191 and NA-202	General Electric J47-GE-27	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Like F-86F-30-NA with the Low Altitude Bombing System; able to carry a 1,200-pound Mk.12 nuclear weapon (20 kT); 265 in two batches	108 and 157	NA-191 Oct. 1952- May 1954 NA-202 March 1953-Aug. 1954	52-5164 to 52-5271 53-1072 to 53-1228		Most to USAFE
Sabre Mk.5	CL-13A	Avro Canada TR.5 Orenda 10	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Like USAF F-86F-30, but with Orenda engine.	370	First flight July 1953	23001 to 23370	Slatted "6-3" wings retrofitted later	All to RCAF replacing Mk.2; later 75 sent to Germany
None	CA-26	Rolls-Royce Avon R.A.7/ Mk.114	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Redesigned fuselage with larger intake and new breakpoint for the Rolls-Royce Avon engine; two 30mm Aden guns; wings, tail, and horizontal stabilizers nearly identical to F-86E	1	Completed July 1953	A94-101		To ARDU; later used as an instructional airframe
Sabre Mk.30	CA-27	Avon 20 (CAC-assem- bled Rolls- Royce Avon R.A.7/Mk.114)	Original wing with late A-5 changes	Flat armored glass	Production version of CA-26	22	Aug. 1954-July 1955	A94-901 to A94-922	Most given solid "6-3" wing and designated Sabre Mk.31; AIM-9B Sidewinder/Aero 3B pylon, 2/60	ARDU, No.2 OCU, Nos. 3, 75, 76, and 77 Squadrons

Sabre Mk.6	CL-13B	Avro Canada TR.5 Orenda 14	Early Mk.6s built with solid "6-3" wing with fences; later Mk.6s built with slatted "6-3" wings	Flat armored glass	Like Sabre Mk.5 except for Orenda 14 engine	647	First flight Oct. 1954- Oct. 1958	Initial batch (292) 23371 to 23662 Second batch (90) 23663 to 23752	Early Mk.6s later retrofitted with leading-edge slats	382 to RCAF Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 Fighter Wings in Europe; 265 to other countries: 6 Colombia (Nos. 2021-2026), 34 South Africa (Nos. 350-383), and 225 Germany
Sabre Mk.31	CA-27	CAC Avon 20	Solid "6-3" wing with fences	Flat armored glass	Sabre Mk.30 with "6-3" wing	20	June 1955- Sept. 1956	A94-923 to A94-942	AIM-9B Sidewinder /Aero 3B pylon, 2/60	ARDU, No. 2 OCU, No. 5 OTU, Nos. 3, 75, 76, 77, and 79 Squadrons
F-86F-40- NA	NA-227	General Electric J47-GE-27	Long-span "6-3" wing with extended wingtips and restored slats	Flat armored glass	Like F-30 and F-25 with long-span "6-3" wing with extended wingtips and restored slats; 65 added to NA-227 contract	215 and 65	First completed Oct. 1955 JanDec. 1956	55-3816 to 55-4030 55-4983 to 55-5047	AIM-9B Sidewinder /Aero 3B pylon, 2/60	For MDAP
F-86F-40- MIT (Built in the United States, assembled in Japan)	NA-231 NA-238 NA-256 (Built in the United States, assem- bled in Japan)	General Electric J47-GE-27	Long-span "6-3" wing with extended wingtips and restored slats	Flat armored glass	Like F-86F-40-NA; assembled by Mitsubishi; 300 ordered in three batches of 70,110, and 120	300	Aug. 1956- Feb. 1961	55-5048 to 55-5117 56-2773 to 56-2882 57-6338 to 57-6457	Kit supplied to Mitsubishi with set of pylons for the Philco-Ford GAR-8 (AIM-9B) Sidewinder air-to-air missile	300 MDAP funded, Japanese-assembled F-86Fs for service with JASDF (Built in the United States, assembled in Japan): JASDF serials 62-7701/7705, 72-7706/7773, 82-7774/7868, 92-7869/7880, 92-7881/7940, 02-7941/7991, 12-7992/7999, and 12-7000
Sabre Mk.32	CA-27	CAC Avon 26	Solid "6-3" wing with fence	Flat armored glass	Like the Sabre Mk.31 with Avon 26 engine and dual-store wings like the F-86F-30-NA fighter-bomb- er with new inner hard- points	28 20 21 (69)	Oct. 1956- Aug. 1961	A94-943 to A94-970 A94-971 to A94-990 A94-351 to 371	AIM-9B Sidewinder/ Aero 3B pylon, 2/60	ARDU, No. 2 OCU, No. 5 OTU, No. 3/75/76/77/79 Squadrons

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Military designation

USAAF/USAF Pursuit/Fighter Designation

The fighter designation changed from "P" for Pursuit to "F" for Fighter in June 1948, the XP-86, P-86A-1-NA and P-86A-5-NA becoming the XF-86, F-86A-1-NA and F-86A-5-NA. Later in their service lives, some or all of the XP-86s were informally labeled as "YF-86s".

USAF manufacturers codes

NA: North American Aviation, Inglewood, California, USA.

NH: North American Aviation, Columbus, Ohio, USA (Navy owned plant formerly used by Curtiss for SB2C Helldiver production, closed since end of World War II)

CAN: Canadair Ltd. Cartierville plant, Saint-Laurent, Quebec, Canada

MIT: Kits built by NAA Inglewood and assembled by Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Nagoya, Aichi Prefecture, Japan

The Commonwealth Aircraft Corporation manufacturing site was Fishermen's Bend, Victoria, Australia

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